

Possible Biak Culprits Local

Name	Affiliation	Rank and Command	Role	Source
Agus Hedyanto (also spelled Edyono)	ABRI	Colonel (Inf Fx), Biak Military Commander	<p>Condoned troops patrolling the streets of Biak to keep them “safe”</p> <p>Justified the “invasion”/”raid”; confirmed live ammunition and rubber bullets had been used in the attacks</p> <p>Human Rights Watch quotes one observer stating “it does seem clear that the interests of Agus Edyono, the Biak military commander, were advanced by the recent unrest. The current district head is due to step down in 6 mos. The flag-raising is being used as an excuse for appointing a non-Biak from the armed forces ... and Agus Edyono is one of the leading candidates”</p>	<p>Prakarsa, Patricia. <i>Uneasy calm in two cities of Irian Jaya after shootings</i>. July 8 1998. AFP.</p> <p><i>Akibat Kerusuhan Di Irja: 16 Ditahan, 20 Dirawat</i>. Suara Pembaruan Daily. 8 July 1998; Amnesty International. <i>Urgent Action ASA 21/72/98</i>. 7 July 1998.</p> <p>HRW, <i>Indonesia: Human Rights and Pro-Independence Actions in Irian Jaya</i>. Dec 1998.</p>
Johnny Rori	POLRI	Colonel (Lt Col), Biak Police Commander	“Said ... the dead might be victims of the waves or might have come from a ship that sank off the north coast of Irian Jaya on July 16” – cover up	Aglionby, John. <i>Fisherman find bound bodies off Irian Jaya</i> . The Guardian. July 30, 1998
Amandus Mansnembra	Civilian	Biak District Head (Bupati)	<p>Approached the demonstrators together with district military and police commanders to tell them to disband.</p> <p>Provincial civilian leaders do not have direct command/control authority over security forces.</p>	HRW, <i>Indonesia: Human Rights and Pro-Independence Actions in Irian Jaya</i> . Dec 1998.

Possible Biak Culprits Regional

Hotman Siagian	POLRI	Brigadier General, Regional Police Commander (Kapolda Irja)	Ordered a crackdown on the Biak protesters; detaining 180 people after military shot into crowd	Prakarsa, Patricia. <i>Indonesian troops wound 24 in Irian Jaya shooting</i> . GLGL; Beddall, Kate. <i>Rubber bullets wound 24 in Indonesia protest</i> . July 6 1998. Reuters
Amir Sembiring	ABRI	Major General, Regional Military Commander (KODAM VIII/Trikora)	Was in a direct command and control position for Sent fact-finding mission to investigate the activities leading up to the “rebellion”. Tried to cover up number killed, gave various answers including 0 and 6, and said the soldiers would have shot “thousands” if they had to as the protestors were committing treason. Apparently sources close to him indicated his subordinates exceeded his commands.	Amnesty International. <i>Urgent Action AI Index 21/78/98</i> . 29 July 1998; Aglionby, John. <i>Fisherman find bound bodies off Irian Jaya</i> . The Guardian. July 30, 1998
Freddy Numberi	Former Navy	Governor (retired Vice Admiral in the Indonesian Navy)	After the assault he described the victims as members of a “gerakan-gerakan separatis yang menjurus kepada maker” (“a separatist movement that is headed towards treason”)	Quote from <i>Suara Pembaruan Daily</i> , 8 July 1998.

Regional Forces Involved

One Brimob platoon, one platoon from **Infantry Battalion 753**, one from **KODIM 1702**, and one from the **Biak navy post** (HRW Report, page 7).

Two Navy ships were involved in the attack, likely from Eastern Fleet Command, in Surabaya, conterminous with Army's KODAM V and KODAMs VII through IX and Air Force's Operation Command II. **KRI Kakap (811)**, Source: Eben Kirksey's photograph from July 6th, 1998. **KRI Teluk Berau (534), Type 108**. Source: HRW Report, page 9. Eben Kirksey 2003 interview with key witnesses.

Possible Culprits National

Wiranto	ABRI	Commander of Armed Forces (Panglima ABRI)	Responsible for all military personnel; condoned the actions of the military in Biak against those who committed treason by raising a non-RI flag	Amnesty International. <i>Urgent Action AI Index 21/78/98</i> . 29 July 1998' Suara Pembaruan Daily. <i>Menhankam/Pangab Jenderal TNI Wiranto: Pengibaran Bendera Bukan Merah-Putih Tindakan Makar</i>
B J Habibie	ABRI	President, Supreme Commander of the Armed Forces	Ultimately responsible for armed forces. A civilian leader, the first President after Suharto, without strong ties to the security forces.	Amnesty International. <i>Urgent Action ASA 21/72/98</i> . 7 July 1998.

National Forces involved

Military soldiers from **Infantry Battalion 733 Pattimura** which originated from Komando Daerah Militer XVI, were involved in the assault (HRW report p. 9). These soldiers are from outside the region commanded by Major General Sembiring. The presence of these soldiers is evidence that national level coordination was involved.

Indonesian Navy

Headquarters Staff (HQ, Jakarta) under the overall command of the Navy Chief of Staff,

Several Naval Main Bases and Naval Bases throughout Indonesia. Apart from the major bases at Surabaya and Jakarta, forward operating bases exist at Kupang, West Timor and Tahuna, Sulawesi.

Fact Finding Team

Herry Risdiyanto	ABRI	Kapendam VIII/Trikora Lt Col., Regional Command spokesperson	Told <i>Kompas</i> that the fact-finding mission set up by Sembiring is headed by Military Police Commander Kodam VIII, Kol CPM Hendragiri, who will be assisted by other police and government agencies	<i>Kompas. Dibentuk Tim Pencari Fakta di Irja. 7 July 1998</i>
Hendragiri	Polisi Militer	Military Police Commander Kodam VIII, Kol CPM	Headed "fact-finding mission" into the activities leading up to the Biak massacre	<i>Kompas. Dibentuk Tim Pencari Fakta di Irja. 7 July 1998</i>